

The project «Europeans Win Ostracism: From Remembrance to a Dialogue Society – E-WORDS – Project Number: 588617-CITIZ-1-2017-IT-CITIZ-REMEM» was funded with the support of the European Union under the Programme "Europe for Citizens"



## Strand 1 – "European Remembrance"

## The project was implemented through 45 events.

Please, note that the following list is in chronological order. However, each event name carries also the reference to the Activities

#### Event 00 – Kick off Meeting – Preparatory Activity

**Participation:** The event involved 15 citizens, including 4 participants from the city of Grosseto (**Italy**), 3 participants from the city of Maastricht (**The Netherlands**), 3 participants from the city of Siena (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Krakow (**Poland**),1 participant from the city of Bucharest (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**),1 participant from the city of Taranto (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Verona (**Italy**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Siena (Italy) at Dept. of Political and International Sciences of the University of Siena from 12/10/2017 to 13/10/2017.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was: a) to confirm the Partnership's full commitment to the successful implementation of the project; b) to agree on the definitive lists of key words; c) to agree on the list of events and their timetables; d) to make the Partnership aware (and ready to tackle) possible critical issues during the project implementation; e) to reduce the risk of misunderstanding amongst the Partnership, with special concern to the management of the events and their reporting. The fruitful brainstorming and team building during the two sessions were the springboard for the project implementation. The kick off meeting was part of the Preparatory Activity.

#### Event 01 – Webinar 1 – Activity 1

**Participation:** The event involved 87 citizens, including 29 participants from the city of Siena (**Italy**), 26 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**), 6 participants from the city of Baku (**Azerbaijan**), 3 participants from the city of Budapest (**Hungary**), 2 participants from the city of Florence (**Italy**), 2 participants from the city of Venice (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Brasov (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Galati (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Naples (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Salerno (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Paris (**France**), 1 participant from the city of Paris (**France**), 1 participant from the city of Bremen (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Dresden (**Germany**), 1

participant from the city of Zwolle (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of St. Petersburg (**Russia**), 1 participant from the city of Sidney (**Australia**), 1 participant from the city of Nairobi (**Kenya**), 1 participant from the city of Valona (**Albania**), 1 participant from the city of Ankara (**Turkey**), 1 participant from the city of Kabul (**Afghanistan**), 1 participant from the city of Abuja (**Nigeria**), 1 participant from the city of Accra (**Ghana**), 1 participant from the city of Gaza (**Palestine**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Siena (**Italy**) at Dept. of Political and International Sciences of the University of Siena and Sibiu (**Romania**) at Faculty of Theology of the University Lucian Blaga of Sibiu, on 07/03/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to analyse the key words 'Resistance' and 'Human Rights and Discrimination' in their meaning both in past and contemporary society. After a short introduction by the academics from UniSi and LBUS, the participants (mainly University students) took the floor, had their say, raised questions and debated the key words. The presence of non European participants gave a further added value to the event, as Italians and Romanians had the opportunity to dialogue with citizens with a different cultural background. The participants' interest in the project topics was stimulated, raising their awareness of remembrance, common history and values of the EU and the EU's aim to promote peace and the well-being of its people. UniSi provided the IT tool (WebEx) to carry out the webinar in Sibiu and Siena.

#### Event 02 – Webinar 2 – Activity 1

**Participation:** The event involved 98 citizens, including 60 participants from the city of Siena (**Italy**), 20 participants from the city of Maastricht (**The Netherlands**), 6 participants from the city of Taranto (**Italy**), 3 participants from the city of Baku (**Azerbaijan**), 1 participant from the city of Naples (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Salerno (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Salerno (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Salerno (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of St. Petersburg (**Russia**), 1 participant from the city of Sidney (**Australia**), 1 participant from the city of Ankara (**Turkey**), 1 participant from the city of Kabul (**Afghanistan**), 1 participant from the city of Accra (**Ghana**), 1 participant from the city of Gaza (**Palestine**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Siena **(Italy)** at Dept. of Political and International Sciences of the University of Siena and Maastricht (**The Netherlands**) at Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences of the University of Maastricht, on 08/03/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to analyse the key words 'Identity' and 'Human Rights and Discrimination' in their meaning both in past and contemporary society. After a short introduction by the academics from UniSi and Maastricht Uni, the participants (mainly University students) took the floor, had their say, raised questions and debated the key words. The participants expressed their appreciation for the opportunity to recognise the existence of common roots and shared values amongst European society. Again the presence of non European participants gave a further added value to the event. The participants' interest in the project topics was stimulated, raising their awareness of remembrance, common history and values of the EU and the EU's aim to promote peace and the well-being of its people. UniSi provided the IT tool (WebEx) to carry out the webinar in Maastricht and Siena.

#### Event 03 – Webinar 3 – Activity 1

**Participation:** The event involved 134 citizens, including 68 participants from the city of Maastricht (**The Netherlands**), 28 participants from the city of Krakow (**Poland**), 12 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**), 6 participants from the city of Amsterdam (**The Netherlands**), 3 participants from the city of Limburg (**The Netherlands**), 2 participants from the city of The Hague (**The Netherlands**), 2 participants from the city of London (**Uk**), 1 participant from the city of Aachen (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Alexandria (**Egypt**), 1 participant from the city of Canterbury (**Uk**), 1 participant from the city of Dresden (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Eindhoven (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Heves (**Hungary**), 1 participant from the city of Hasselt (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Genève (**Switzerland**), 1 participant from the city of La Coruna (**Spain**), 1 participant from the city of Leiden (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Leuven (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Leiden (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Leuven (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Leuven (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Leiden (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Leuven (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Leuven (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Leuven (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of The Saloniki (**Greece**), 1 participant from the city of Warsaw (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Maastricht (**The Netherlands**) at Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences of the University of Maastricht, Sibiu (**Romania**) at Faculty of Theology of the University Lucian Blaga of Sibiu and Krakow (**Poland**) at Centrum Bodum of the Jagellonica University on 19/03/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to analyse the key words 'Identity', 'Genocide and Concentration Camps' and 'Resistance' in their meaning both in past and contemporary society. After the success of the first 2 webinars, the Partnership decided to organise a webinar in 3 University locations. The students from the Universities of Krakow, Maastricht and Sibiu were the main actors in debating the selected key words, with the academics as moderators. The participants expressed their appreciation for the organisation of the webinar as it gave them a first hand testimony of how the 3 key words are tackled in as many European societies. The participants' interest in the project topics was stimulated, raising their awareness of remembrance, common history and values of the EU and the EU's aim to promote peace and the well-being of its people. UniSi provided the IT tool (WebEx) to carry out the webinar in Krakow, Maastricht and Sibiu.

#### Event 04 – Webinar 4 – Activity 1

**Participation:** The event involved 84 citizens, including 51 participants from the city of Siena (**Italy**), 7 participants from the city of Krakow (**Poland**), 5 participants from the city of Baku (**Azerbaijan**), 2 participants from the city of Venice (**Italy**), 2 participants from the city of Ankara (**Turkey**), 1 participant from the city of Naples (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Salerno (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Taranto (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Bari (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Taranto (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Teramo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Teramo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Teramo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Florence (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Paris (**France**), 1 participant from the city of Dresden (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of St. Petersburg (**Russia**), 1 participant from the city of Sidney (**Australia**), 1 participant from the city of Kabul (**Afghanistan**), 1 participant from the city of Accra (**Ghana**), 1 participant from the city of Gaza, (**Palestine**), 1 participant from the city of Katowice (**Poland**), 1 participant from the city of Warsaw (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Siena **(Italy)** at Dept. of Political and International Sciences of the University of Siena and Krakow **(Poland)** at Centrum Bodum of the Jagellonica University on 13/04/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to analyse the key words 'Genocide and Concentration Camps' and 'Human Rights and Discrimination' in their meaning both in past and contemporary society. The participants in Krakow explained the participants in Siena what it means to live with the constant (almost 'physical') remembrance of genocide in Poland, where 6 concentration camps were located during the Nazi period. The participants in Siena gave their contribution to the debate on human rights issues related to the migration flows in Italy. Remembrance met the present, helping to avoid the same tragic mistakes. The presence of non European citizens from countries affected by migrations gave an added value to the debate. The participants' interest in the project topics was stimulated, raising their awareness of remembrance, common history and values of the EU and the EU's aim to promote peace and the well-being of its people. UniSi provided the IT tool (WebEx) to carry out the webinar in Krakow and Siena.

## Event 05 – Webinar 5 – Activity 1

**Participation:** The event involved 18 citizens, including 11 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**), 6 participants from the city of Krakow (**Poland**), 1 participant from the city of Bournemouth (**Uk**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Krakow (**Poland**) at Centrum Bodum of the Jagellonica University in Krakow and Sibiu (**Romania**) at Faculty of Theology of the University Lucian Blaga of Sibiu on 23/04/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to analyse the key words 'Genocide and Concentration Camps' and 'Resistance' in their meaning both in past and contemporary society. In particular, the participants in Krakow gave their contribution concerning the Nazi period, whereas the participants in Sibiu gave their testimonies on the recent past of the Communist period. The

number of participants was lower than in the previous webinars but it favoured the dialogue between the two groups. In particular, the strong link between 'genocide' and 'resistance' was presented as two sides of the same coin. Both groups of participants helped each other to compare the two totalitarian regimes, the Nazi and the Communist. The participants' interest in the project topics was stimulated, raising their awareness of remembrance, common history and values of the EU and the EU's aim to promote peace and the well-being of its people. UniSi provided the IT tool (WebEx) to carry out the webinar in Krakow and Sibiu.

## Event 06 - Theatrical Labs: Arcidosso Spring Camp – Activity 3

**Participation:** The event involved 1,163 citizens, including 138 participants from the city of Parma (**Italy**), 120 participants from the city of Livorno (**Italy**), 112 participants from the city of Padova (**Italy**), 112 participants from the city of Vicenza (**Italy**), 108 participants from the city of Torino (**Italy**), 67 participants from the city of Milano (**Italy**), 59 participants from the city of Chieti (**Italy**), 54 participants from the city of La Spezia (**Italy**), 45 participants from the city of Treviso (**Italy**), 38 participants from the city of Roma (**Italy**), 36 participants from the city of Bolzano (**Italy**), 32 participants from the city of Viterbo (**Italy**), 31 participants from the city of Genova (**Italy**), 31 participants from the city of Pordenone (**Italy**), 26 participants from the city of Cagliari (**Italy**), 25 participants from the city of Verona (**Italy**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Arcidosso (Italy), at Park Hotel Colle degli Angeli from 02/05/2018 to 16/05/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to represent all the key words through theatrical labs. Firstly all participants (school students aged 14-18) were presented with the project aims and content, underlining the importance of non formal education tools. Then students were divided in groups of 20-25, each group co-ordinated by a teacher and a theatrical educator. Teachers were previously trained on theatre as an educational tool. The last three days of the event saw shared sessions and students brought on stage their pieces.

#### Event 07 - Human Rights in Medicine – Activity 4

**Participation:** The event involved 40 citizens, including 40 participants from the city of Krakow (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Krakow (**Poland**) at Centrum Bodum of the Jagellonica University in Krakow, on 11/05/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event (meeting) was to promote Medicine students' reflection and debate on the key word 'Human Rights'. In particular, they were invited to reflect and exchange their views on the challenges a multicultural Europe may pose to their profession. The starting point of the reflection was the Preamble and art 1 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948). All participants agreed that being treated is a fundamental right and should be ensured for all without any kind of discrimination (gender, faith, provenance, wealth). From the debate it emerged that the personal commitment of each physician is not enough if European health systems don't recognise health care on the basis of equality, quality and social responsibility.

#### Event 08 – Ostracisation of Words in Communism – Activity 2

**Participation:** The event involved 15 citizens, including 4 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Galati (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Barland (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Brasov (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Comanesti (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Arges (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Braila (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Suaceva (**Romania**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Sibiu (**Romania**) at C.A.D.C.O, Faculty of Theology of the University Lucian Blaga of Sibiu, on 09/06/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to promote the reflection and debate on how Communism violated human rights and discriminated Romanian citizens, with special concern to the freedom of expression and education. Addressing young people, the round table aimed to raise

awareness about their responsibility in the present, not to repeat the mistakes of the recent past. The participants showed a frail knowledge about the transition from the monarchy to the Communist regime after WWII. So they were presented with some examples of how a free press reports political, economic and social events. In the end the participants understood how ostracism gathers all the key words, because it violates human rights (thus, it discriminates till the point of no return of genocide and concentration camps), undermines identity and lead to resistance.

## Event 09 – Suppressed books. Culture's freedom ostracisation – Activity 2

**Participation:** The event involved 14 citizens, including 14 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Sibiu (**Romania**) at Astra County Library, on 11/06/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to promote young Romanians' knowledge of their country recent past. This event was a follow up of Event n. 08, took place during the International Theatre Festival of Sibiu (June 8<sup>th</sup> to 17<sup>th</sup>, 2018) and consisted in a book exhibition and a round table. The books on display were prohibited during Communism, thus undermining the freedom of expression and education. The participants reflected on how the transition from Communism to democracy put an end to the cultural ostracisation in Romania and the role played in this process by the European culture and shared values. 'Human rights and discrimination' was the key word on the floor.

#### Event 10 – Ostracisation and resistance: Romania which unifies/moves us – Activity 2

**Participation:** The event involved 247 citizens, including 140 participants from the city of Vicovul de Jos (**Romania**), 56 participants from the city of Suceava (**Romania**), 14 participants from the city of Bilca (**Romania**), 10 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**), 8 participants from the city of Putna (**Romania**), 4 participants from the city of Bivoliaria (**Romania**), 4 participants from the city of Galanesti (**Romania**), 3 participants from the city of Iasi (**Romania**), 3 participants from the city of Gura Putnei (**Romania**), 3 participants from the city of Straja (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Horodnic de Sus (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 2 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 2 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 2 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 3 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 3 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 2 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Radanti (**Romania**), 2 participant from the city of Ra

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to make Romanian citizens reflect on how political and cultural ostracisation affected many European countries in the past. The debate stressed the importance to be aware of the many kinds of ostracisation totalitarian regimes applied in European history. Remembrance is fundamental to learn how to recognise and combat any resurgence of ostracism and discrimination. During the event the participants expressed their opinions, exchanged knowledge on the most relevant events of the past and were invited to heal the memory and keep vigilant on any discriminatory approach in the present. This event was linked to Event 08 and Event 09. 'Human rights and discrimination', 'Resistance' were the key words on the floor.

#### Event 11 – Ostracisation and resistance: words for the young – Activity 2

**Participation:** The event involved 258 citizens, including 164 participants from the city of Falticeni (**Romania**), 35 participants from the city of Suceava (**Romania**), 15 participants from the city of Spataresti (**Romania**), 12 participants from the city of Bunesti (**Romania**), 9 participants from the city of Podeni (**Romania**), 8 participants from the city of Soldanesti (**Romania**), 6 participants from the city of Poloceni (**Romania**), 6 participants from the city of Radaseni (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Bucharesti (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Camarzani (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Camarzani (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Campulung Moldovenesc (**Romania**).

## **Location / Dates:** The event took place in Falticeni (Romania) at Esplanada Muzeuleui de Arta Ion Irimescu, on 15/06/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to make Romanian citizens reflect on how political and cultural ostracisation affected many European countries in the past. The debate stressed the importance to be aware of the many kinds of ostracisation totalitarian regimes applied in European history. Remembrance is fundamental to learn how to recognise and combat any resurgence of

ostracism and discrimination. During the event the participants expressed their opinions, exchanged knowledge on the most relevant events of the past and were invited to heal the memory and keep vigilant on any discriminatory approach in the present. 'Human rights and discrimination', 'Resistance' were the key words on the floor. This event repeated the same structure and content of Event 10, but in a different location (Moldavia).

#### Event 12 – Totalitarian regimes and human rights – Activity 2

**Participation:** The event involved 71 citizens, including 66 participants from the city of Oswiecim (**Poland**), 2 participants from the city of Rojsko (**Poland**), 2 participants from the city of Bodice (**Poland**), 1 participant from the city of Zatur (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Oswiecim (**Poland**) at International Youth Meeting Centre, on 19/06/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate school students' reflection and exchange of opinion on human rights, totalitarian regimes, the concept of the 'Other' as an 'Enemy'. The event was organised in 3 parts. In part 1 small groups of students were required to elaborate among themselves their thoughts about the concept of human rights, why dictators seized the power in European history. In part 2 a spoke person from each group presented the resulting reflection and the debate among all groups followed. In part 3 all participants were required to analyse the concept of the 'Other' as an 'Enemy', comparing the present issues of discrimination with the knowledge of the past as discussed in part 1 and 2.

## Event 13 – Theatrical Labs: Cinigiano Summer Camps – Activity 3

**Participation:** The event involved 83 citizens, including 24 participants from the city of Milano (**Italy**), 10 participants from the city of Torino (**Italy**), 8 participants from the city of Padova (**Italy**), 7 participants from the city of Cuneo (**Italy**), 7 participants from the city of Roma (**Italy**), 7 participants from the city of Vicenza (**Italy**), 5 participants from the city of Verona (**Italy**), 4 participants from the city of Belluno (**Italy**), 4 participants from the city of Belluno (**Italy**), 4 participants from the city of Grosseto (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Ascoli (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Oristano (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Palermo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Oristano (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Palermo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Teramo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Palermo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Teramo (**Italy**). Location / Dates: The event took place in Cinigiano (**Italy**) in multiple locations (municipality theatre, community hall, air dance floor), from 15/07/2018 to 22/07/2018 and from 29/07/2018 to 05/08/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to make young adults and adults reflect on how all the key words can be performed through theatrical labs. Firstly all participants were presented with the project aims and content, underlining the importance of non formal education tools. Then the participants were divided in groups of 25-30, each group co-ordinated by a theatrical educator. The intensive one-week sessions were made up of three phases: a) theatre workshops (warm-up, breathing and concentration exercises); b) reflection, discussion and exchange of ideas on the key words; 3) final performance in Cinigiano main square.

#### Event 14 – Theatrical Labs: Grosseto Autumn-Winter Camps – Activity 3

**Participation:** The event involved 1,994 citizens, including 1,080 participants from the city of Grosseto (Italy), 220 participants from Buonconvento (Siena, Italy), 90 participants from the city of Padova (Italy), 82 participants from the city of Vicenza (Italy), 67 participants from the city of Torino (Italy), 67 participants from the city of Milano (Italy), 65 participants from the city of Livorno (Italy), 44 participants from the city of Chieti (Italy), 42 participants from the city of Parma (Italy), 36 participants from the city of Bolzano (Italy), 32 participants from the city of Viterbo (Italy), 28 participants from the city of Treviso (Italy), 28 participants from the city of Treviso (Italy), 28 participants from the city of Ravenna (Italy), 22 participants from the city of Roma (Italy), 24 participants from the city of Iglesias (Italy), 17 participants from the city of Belluno (Italy), 16 participants from the city of Pordenone (Italy), 15 participants from the city of Verona (Italy), 14 participants from the city of Genova (Italy).

Location / Dates: The event took place in Alfonsine (Italy) at IT Corso Matteotti, Arzignano (Italy) at ITTE Galileo, Bolzano (Italy) at IC 2, Bruino (Italy) at Pro Loco, Buonconvento (Italy) at Istituto

Comprensivo [IC] Insieme, Cecina (**Italy**) at Liceo Statale E. Fermi, Feltre (**Italy**) at Istituto Canossiano Vittorino da Feltre, Grosseto (**Italy**) at Parrocchia dell'Addolorata, IC 1, IC 2, IC 3, IC 4, IC 5, IC 6, Grottaferrata (**Italy**) at Associazione Danzarte, Iglesias (**Italy**) at Istituto Magistrale Statale Carlo Baudi di Vesme, Lanciano (**Italy**) at Liceo Classico Vittorio Emanuele II, Lavagna (**Italy**) at Associazione ScenaMadre, Milano (**Italy**) at IC Calcutta Meda Ferrarin and Liceo Ginnasio Cesare Beccaria, Montebelluna (**Italy**) at IStituto Superiore Primo Levi, Noventa Vicentina (**Italy**) at Istituto Superiore Masotto, Orte (**Italy**) at IC Media Deci, Padova ((**Italy**) at IC 9, Liceo Scientifico e Linguistico Alvise Cornaro, Convitto Statale per Sordi Magarotto, Portoferraio (**Italy**) at IISS Foresi, Roma (**Italy**) at Liceo Ginnasio Augusto, Sarzana (**Italy**) at IISS Parentucelli-Arzelà, Spilimbergo (**Italy**) at IISS Tagliamento, Tizzano (**Italy**) at IC Corniglio, Torino (**Italy**) at Liceo Classico Gioberti and Associazione Internazionale Areia, Valdagno (**Italy**) at IISS Trissino, Vasto (**Italy**) at Polo Liceale Mattioli, Verona (**Italy**) at Liceo Scientifico Lavinia Mondin, Villanova di Camposanpiero (**Italy**) at Associazione Agorà from 17/09/2018 to 30/03/2019.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to make school students (age 6-18) express their feelings and emotions on 'Human Rights and Discrimination' and 'Identity' through theatrical labs. In Grosseto a total of 300 hrs. of theatrical labs (2 hrs./day) were organised, in Buonconvento 160 hrs. (every Wednsday), all other locations 20 hrs each in 12 labs. The participants, working in groups, were guided through the process of revealing their inner selves. They were able to understand the true meaning of the issues addressed and undergo a process of personal growth. Theatrical educators and teachers (previusly trained and informed about the project) sided and assisted the young participants. All groups completed their camps with a performance that showed the progress they made during the six-months activity.

## Event 15 – Human Rights and Discrimination for Educators – Activity 5

**Participation:** The event involved 16 citizens, including 4 participants from the city of Naples (**Italy**), 3 participants from the city of Grosseto (**Italy**), 3 participants from the city of Siena (**Italy**), 2 participants from the city of Avellino (**Italy**), 2 participants from the city of Florence (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Milan (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Varese (**Italy**). **Location / Dates:** The event took place in Rispescia (**Italy**) at Lega Ambiente Rispescia, from 09/10/2018 to 10/10/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to train practitioners (school educators, advocates and volunteers) on human rights and human rights education, with special concern to the use of the project key words in their ordinary activity. The participants work in school and communities based in the district of Grosseto (IT), Napoli (IT) and Siena (IT). The focus of the training was to present the trainees with innovative non formal education tools, including theatrical laboratories that represent an important part of E-WORDS activities. The participants had the opportunities to discuss their work experiences with the trainers and learn how they can organise non formal education labs to facilitate the reflection on the concepts behind the key words and their historical background.

## Event 16 - Identity under the Totalitarian Regime and the Role of Populism during WW2 – Activity 4

**Participation:** The event involved 22 citizens, including 20 participants from the city of Krakow (**Poland**), 2 participants from the city of Oświęcim (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Krakow (**Poland)** at Centrum Bodum of the Jagellonica University in Krakow, on 30/10/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate school students' reflection on the role of populism in WWII and its comparison to today European society. During the seminar the participants discussed at length on the new wave of populism across Europe at present. The key word 'Identity' was analysed in terms of the gap between 'us' and 'them, the typical populist approach. The demarcation of the people, national, ethnic, religious, class, and gender identities are shifted according to political gains. Even if the 'us vs them' juxtaposition is historically linked to totalitarian regimes, the participants discussed also the tendency to populism in democractically elected parties and/or coalitions.

#### Event 17 – The Past Didn't Go Anywhere: Animal Farm, the film – Activity 3

**Participation:** The event involved 83 citizens, including 55 participants from the city of Maastricht (**The Netherlands**), 4 participants from the city of Moscow (**Russia**), 3 participants from the city of Beirut (**Lebanon**), 3 participants from the city of Fortaleza (**Brasil**), 1 participant from the city of Bamberg (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Ciudad Real (**Spain**), 1 participant from the city of Cologne (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Den Hagen (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Lüdinghausen (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Lüdinghausen (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Madrid (**Spain**), 1 participant from the city of Marktredwitz (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Munchen (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Munchen (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Prague (**Czech Republic**), 1 participant from the city of Sparti (**Greece**), 1 participant from the city of Trier (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Turin (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Turin (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Turku (**Finland**), 1 participant from the city of Udine (**Italy**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Maastricht (**The Netherlands**) at Turnzaal of the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences of the University of Maastricht, on 06/11/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to debate on how a totalitarian regime can be easily substituted by one of the same kind, sharing the same disregards for human rights and pursuing discrimination. This film opened the series of 6 film screenings on the key words the project selected. Each screening, open to the public and free of charge, had the same structure: a) an introduction; b) the film; c) the debate. After the show the participants reflected on how totalitarianism can be represented by one or few people, but the way of suppressing human rights is the same. George Orwell's novel is still hot, meaning that – as some participants put it – there is still the need to raise awareness on the mistakes of the past.

#### Event 18 - We get off at the next stop: The Film - Activity 3

**Participation:** The event involved 97 citizens, including 61 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**), 8 participants from the city of Brasov (**Romania**), 8 participants from the city of Valcea (**Romania**), 4 participants from the city of Bucharesti (**Romania**), 3 participants from the city of Curtea de Arges (**Romania**), 3 participants from the city of Bacau (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Alba Iulia (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Timisoara (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Braila (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Napoca (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Galati (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Medias (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Targo Mures (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Turnu Severin (**Romania**), **Location / Dates:** The event took place in Sibiu (**Romania**) at National College Octavian Goga, on 08/11/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate the reflection and debate about the key word 'Resistance'. The film was introduced by the director (Tedy Necula) and a debate followed the screening. This Romanian inspirational film tells the story of a group of passengers who got stuck in a subway car. Obliged to share a confined space for over an hour, people from different social, cultural and economic background eventually got to know each other and went through the ordeal together, despite the initial suspiciousness and hostility. Some participants told that they had experienced similar experiences, joining forces with previously unknown companions helped them through. The participants reflected on how the concept of 'Resistance' implies those of respect and mutual trust, that you can achieve only through knowledge.

#### Event 19 – Go Ye Therefore, an Teach All Nations – Activity 5

**Participation:** The event involved 100 citizens, including 46 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**), 20 participants from the city of Bucharesti (**Romania**), 4 participants from the city of Iasi (**Romania**), 3 participants from the city of Arad (**Romania**), 3 participants from the city of Cluj Napoca (**Romania**), 3 participants from the city of Oradea (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Braila (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Braila (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Brasov (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Galati (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Galati (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Pitesti (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Sinaia (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Calarasi (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Caracol (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Constanta (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Copsa (**Roman** 

Craiva (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Falticeni (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Timisoara (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Tiraspol (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Turnu (**Romania**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Bucharest (**Romania**) at Church of the Nativity of Theotokos, on 08/11/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to develop the participants communicational skills with special regard to the key words 'Identity', 'Human rights and discrimination'. The seminar was attended by members of the Church of the Nativity of Theotokos community. Romanian Orthodox Church community is the second large in the world and its approach to Human Rights issues is characterised by pragmatism. In this context, E-WORDS approach was well received and the participants expressed their opinions on bioethical issues, among the others, and its connections to human rights and identity.

#### Event 20 - The Past Didn't Go Anywhere: Katyn, totalitarianism in a film - Activity 3

**Participation:** The event involved 79 citizens, including 63 participants from the city of Maastricht (**The Netherlands**), 8 participants from the city of Calgary (**Canada**), 1 participant from the city of Arahova (**Greece**), 1 participant from the city of Brest (**France**), 1 participant from the city of Cologne (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Madrid (**Spain**), 1 participant from the city of Marktredwitz (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Panevėžys (**Lithuania**), 1 participant from the city of Roros (**Norway**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Maastricht (**The Netherlands**) at Turnzaal of the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences of the University of Maastricht, on 13/11/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate citizens' reflection on the key word 'Genocide and concentration camp' and how who hold the power can rewrite history. This film was the second in the series of 6 film screenings on the key words the project selected. Each screening, open to the public and free of charge, had the same structure: a) an introduction; b) the film; c) the debate. 'Katyn', a very well known film directed by the award winning director Andrzej Waida, tells the story of the 22,000 Polish prisoners executed on Stalin's order in 1940. The participants discussed on how historical facts can be rewritten (for years the responsibility of the massacre was attributed to the Nazi) not to upset a given regime. The fact that the director Waida had been personally affected by the massacre (his father was amongst the executed) gave the participants the hint to reflect about the personal involvement in describing/representing/evaluating remembrance.

Event 21 - Genocide and Concentration Camps: Todays' Remembrance- Activity 4

**Participation:** The event involved 48 citizens, including 10 participants from the city of Chainow (**Poland**), 7 participants from the city of Kalisz (**Poland**), 6 participants from the city of Warsaw (**Poland**), 5 participants from the city of Bialystok (**Poland**), 5 participants from the city of Oświęcim (**Poland**), 4 participants from the city of Radom (**Poland**), 4 participants from the city of Swidnik (**Poland**), 4 participants from the city of Wroclaw (**Poland**), 3 participants from the city of Zielonka (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Krakow (**Poland**) at Centrum Bodum of the Jagellonica University in Krakow, on 16/11/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate school students' reflection on the concept of remembrance with special concern to the key words 'Genocide and concentration camps'. Most students were well aware of the tragedy that affected their country, Poland. During the event, the participants presented how they came to acquire their knowledge and shared touching direct experiences on either family stories or visits to remembrance sites. Some participants expressed also their concern on how some political parties/movements approach migration, as a first step towards the repeating of racial discrimination. For this reason all participants agreed on the importance of keeping the memory of past tragedies alive as a warning for young generations.

#### Event 22 – The Loves That Moves/Unites Us – Activity 5

**Participation:** The event involved 50 citizens, including 20 participants from the city of Mures (**Romania**), 8 participants from the city of Bucharesti (**Romania**), 7 participants from the city of Cluj

Napoca (**Romania**), 4 participants from the city of Ludus (**Romania**), 3 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Pitesti (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Brasov (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Craiova (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Galati (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Miercurea Ciuc (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Timisoara (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Vulcea (**Romania**).

Location / Dates: The event took place in Ludus (Romania) at Church of the Saint Apostles Peter and Paul, on 16/11/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate multi-ethnic dialogue with special concern to young generations. The migration flow to Romania has been steadily increasing since the year 2000, more and more migrants decided to stay in the country, originally considered as a transit country. They come from Turkey, Chine, Iran, Siria and Vietnam. The participants, aware that Romania is rapidly becoming a melting pot, expressed their belief that dialogue is a *sine qua non* element for a peaceful coexistence. 'Human rights and discrimination' was the key word on the floor.

## Event 23 – The Vision of Bethlemme as the Mystery of Christ's Peace in the World – Activity 5

**Participation:** The event involved 139 citizens, including 76 participants from the city of Rupea (**Romania**), 37 participants from the city of Brasov (**Romania**), 21 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**), 4 participants from the city of Fagaras (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Bacau (**Romania**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Rupea (**Romania**) at Rupea Cultural City Centre, on 18/11/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate multi-ethnic dialogue with special concern to young generations. The migration flow to Romania has been steadily increasing since the year 2000, more and more migrants decided to stay in the country, originally considered as a transit country. This event was organised in Brasov county, where most of the Hungarian minority live. The event took place during the Festival of Culture, Art and Tradition. The participants debated and shared their ideas on the Romanian approach to ethnicity during the recent past (Ceausescu era), when ethno-nationalism was to support the Communist regime. However, a lot of participants said that nowadays ethno-nationalism is becoming part of the far-right programs. Thus the importance of remembrance, even of the past as recent as the 70s and 80s, to avoid repeating the same mistakes. In this context, the participants agreed of the importance of an unbiased education for young generations. 'Human rights and discrimination' was the key word on the floor.

#### Event 24 - The Past Didn't Go Anywhere: Black Book, the film – Activity 3

**Participation:** The event involved 53 citizens, including 43 participants from the city of Maastricht (**The Netherlands**), 2 participants from the city of Calgary (**Canada**), 1 participant from the city of Boon (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Cologne (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Cromelj (**Slovenia**), 1 participant from the city of Marktredwitz (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Porto, (**Portugal**), 1 participant from the city of Roros (**Norway**), 1 participant from the city of Turin (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Turku (**Finland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Maastricht (**The Netherlands**) at Turnzaal of the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences of the University of Maastricht, on 20/11/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to reflect on 'Resistance' and 'Identity' through the story of a young Jewish woman, joining the Dutch resistance against the Nazi occupation. This film was the third in the series of 6 film screenings on the key words the project selected. Each screening, open to the public and free of charge, had the same structure: a) an introduction; b) the film; c) the debate. At the end of the screening, the participants talked about the dark side of the resistance, the risks of 'moles' and the difficulty in keeping 'the good guys' and 'the bad guys' separated. Most of the participants argued that this is a useless task, if not dangerous, as it fuels division and prevent dialogue. To learn from the past means to go over divisions, by undermining the reasons for any kind of conflict.

#### Event 25 – Testimonies of ostracism – Activity 2

**Participation:** The event involved 116 citizens, including 86 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**), 10 participants from the city of Brasov (**Romania**), 4 participants from the city of Bucharesti (**Romania**), 3 participants from the city of Curtea de Arges (**Romania**), 3 participants from the city of Valcea (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Valcea (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Pitesti (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Adjud (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Hunedoara (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Ghimbav (**Romania**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Pitesti (**Romania**) at Pitesti Prison, on 26/11/2018. **Short description:** The aim of the event was to show the participants one of the most dreadful places where Romanian political prisoners were kept in captivity and tortured along the process of 're-education' under two totalitarian regimes (the prison was active from 1941 to 1977). The participants realised that history is not only written in text books. First hand sight of the memorial museum inside the old prison made the participants reflect on human rights violation, discrimination but also resistance and the struggle of political prisoners to keep their identity under such dire conditions. The visit to Piteşti Prison was followed by the visit to Mateiaş Mausoleum, a monument dedicated to the resistance of the Romanian soldiers during WWI, where the participants experimented the acoustic simulation of war in the trenches.

#### Event 26 - The Past Didn't Go Anywhere: The Wave, the film - Activity 3

Participation: The event involved 107 citizens, including 89 participants from the city of Maastricht (The Netherlands), 7 participants from the city of Calgary (Canada), 2 participants from the city of Madrid (Spain), 1 participant from the city of Calvisson (France), 1 participant from the city of Ciudad Reale (Spain), 1 participant from the city of Cologne (Germany), 1 participant from the city of Den Hagen (The Netherlands), 1 participant from the city of Marktredwitz (Germany), 1 participant from the city of Oss. (**The Netherlands**). 1 participant from the city of Porto. (**Portugal**). 1 participant from the city of Roros (Norway), 1 participant from the city of Sparti (Greece). Location / Dates: The event took place in Maastricht (The Netherlands) at Turnzaal of the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences of the University of Maastricht, on 27/11/2018. **Short description:** The aim of the event was to make the participants understand the risks of repeating past mistakes. This 2008 German film fits perfectly in E-WORDS aims, i.e. enhancing the study of the past to learn how to prevent the resurgence of non democratic regimes. Discussing about how a school teacher proves wrong his students, who think unrealistic the establishment of a new Nazi regime in Germany, the participants agreed on the danger of 'getting fed up' with talking about totalitarian regimes of the past, as experiences of social exclusion are still well present today. This film was the fourth in the series of 6 film screenings on the key words the project selected. Each screening, open to the public and free of charge, had the same structure: a) an introduction; b) the film; c) the debate. All key words were addressed.

#### Event 27 - Active and Experimental Learning about Local and Contemporary History: Drawing and Performing Recent Past – Activity 3

**Participation:** The event involved 12 citizens, including 3 participants from the city of Sibiu (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Ankara (**Turkey**), 1 participant from the city of Antalya (**Turkey**), 1 participant from the city of Bejing (**China**), 1 participant from the city of Bari Sardo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Konya (**Turkey**), 1 participant from the city of Instanbul (**Turkey**), 1 participant from the city of Nidge (**Turkey**), 1 participant from the city of Mersin (**Turkey**), 1 participant from the city of Sivas (**Turkey**), 1 participant from the city of Sivas (**Turkey**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Sibiu (**Romania**) at the International Relations Office of the University of Sibiu, on 30/11/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to give the participants the opportunity to express their views on remembrance and the challenges of contemporary society (discrimination and human rights violations, identity crisis etc.) through artistic works and performances. The laboratory focused on national and European contemporary history and consisted in an experimental and interactive learning, based on role playing, drawing and carving. The event facilitate the reflection and sharing of different points of view amongst participants from Europe, Middle East and Asia.

The artistic works and performances pointed towards the importance of a common resistance against any kind of ostracism.

## Event 28 - Human Rights and Children Rights - Activity 4

**Participation:** The event involved 81 citizens, including 78 participants from the city of Golcza (**Poland**), 3 participants from the city of Krakow (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Golcza (**Poland**) at Jan Pawel II School, on 30/11/2018. **Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate elementary school students' reflection on human rights, with special concern to the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child. The week before the event took place, teachers explained the content of the UN Convention to their students. All participants said that they were not aware of the UN Convention beforehand. This event is linked to Event 29 and 30.

## Event 29 - Totalitarian Regimes and Human Rights - Activity 4

**Participation:** The event involved 65 citizens, including 62 participants from the city of Golcza (**Poland**), 3 participants from the city of Warsaw (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Golcza (**Poland**) at Jan Pawel II School, on 30/11/2018. **Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate secondary school students' reflection on human rights and their violation under totalitarian regimes. The participants expressed their perception of the Polish contemporary history in relation to human rights. In particular, they discussed about human rights during the Nazi occupation and the Communist regime. Some of them could tell family stories about human rights violations, others gave their testimonies on how the recent past is approached in their families. This event is linked to Event 28 and 30.

## Event 30 - The Other – Activity 4

**Participation:** The event involved 66 citizens, including 62 participants from the city of Golcza (**Poland**), 2 participants from the city of Krakow (**Poland**), 2 participants from the city of Warsaw (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Golcza (**Poland**) at Jan Pawel II School, on 30/11/2018. **Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate secondary school students' reflection on the concept of 'The Other'. Human rights violation and discrimination are tightly linked to the concept of 'The Other' as an enemy. The participants debated heatedly on the resurgence of this dangerous concept in today's society and the risks it carries. Most participants agreed that the role of the EU is of the utmost importance to promote a dialogue and peaceful society. This event is linked to Event 28 and 29.

Event 31 - The Past Didn't Go Anywhere: 4 Months, 3 Weeks and 2 Days, the film – Activity 3

**Participation:** The event involved 42 citizens, including 33 participants from the city of Maastricht (**The Netherlands**), 2 participants from the city of Calgary (**Canada**), 1 participant from the city of Brussels (**Belgium**), 1 participant from the city of Ciudad Reale (**Spain**), 1 participant from the city of Cologne (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Madrid, (**Spain**), 1 participant from the city of Marktredwitz (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Overath, (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Roros (**Norway**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Maastricht (**The Netherlands**) at Turnzaal of the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences of the University of Maastricht, on 04/12/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate the debate on human rights under Communism. In particular, the film addressed the issue of abortion in pre-1989 Romania. The participants heatedly debated on how the issue of abortion is either a private or public issue. According to some participants, the struggle the two film characters (Otilia and Gabita) had to face was as much against the Communist regime that outlawed abortion as against the patriarchal family system. This film was the fifth in the series of 6 film screenings on the key words the project selected. Each screening, open to the public and free of charge, had the same structure: a) an introduction; b) the film; c) the debate.

#### Event 32 – The Dialogue with the Young Romanians Living in Italy - Activity 4

Participation: The event involved 49 citizens, including 32 participants from the city of Imola (Italy), 6 participants from the city of Bergamo (Italy), 4 participants from the city of Florence (Italy), 2 participants from the city of Milano (Italy), 2 participants from the city of Modena (Italy), 2 participants from the city of Rome (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Sibiu (Romania).
Location / Dates: The event took place in Imola (Italy) at St.Nicholas Orthodox Church, Romanian Orthodox Diocese of Italy, on 05/12/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate the reflection of young Romanians living abroad on their own identity as Romanians and as Europeans, in order to identify possible problems related to the social life of the community. The meeting also aimed to re-evaluate the memory of the community concerning the history of ostracisation of Christian communities in Romania during the communist period and to identify some practical methods to prevent fanaticism or extremism in religious behaviours. Some participants told their personal experiences, mostly positive ones, starting with the common Latin roots of both the Romanian and Italian languages, that helped the young Romanians in their educational careers.

Event 33 - The Meeting with Young Europeans on How to Ease Social Tension - Activity 4

**Participation:** The event involved 41 citizens, including 36 participants from the city of Rome (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Cagliari (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Florence (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Naples (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Perugia (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Terni (**Italy**).

Location / Dates: The event took place in Rome (Italy) at Congress Center Seraphicum Rome, Romanian Orthodox Diocese of Italy, on 08/12/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate young Europeans' reflection on the good practices identified in the Christian mediation of social tensions. The key word on the floor was 'Human rights and Discrimination', as social tension can be reduced by the mutual acknowledgement of each individual's fundamental rights and their protection. This is the basis of a dialogue society. During the debate books and media productions were taken as examples of political, ideological and religious ostracisation in Romania and Europe over the last 100 years.

## Event 34 - Human Rights and Discrimination: 70 Years after the Universal Declaration – Activity 4

**Participation:** The event involved 66 citizens, including 15 participants from the city of Siena (**Italy**), 7 participants from the city of Poggibonsi (**Italy**), 6 participants from the city of Colle di Val d'Elsa (**Italy**), 6 participants from the city of Monteriggioni (**Italy**), 5 participants from the city of Castelnuovo Berardenga (**Italy**), 5 participants from the city of Monteroni d'Arbia (**Italy**), 3 participants from the city of Pienza (**Italy**), 3 participants from the city of Sienauticipants from the city of Pienza (**Italy**), 2 participants from the city of Sinalunga (**Italy**), 2 participants from the city of Sovicille (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Asciano (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Asciano (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Casciano di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Casciano the city of Cascellina in Chianti (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Gaiole in Chianti (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Trequanda (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Pari (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Trequanda (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Pari (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Trequanda (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Trequanda (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Trequanda (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**), 1 participant from the city of Vescovado di Murlo (**Italy**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Siena (**Italy**) at Santa Chiara Lab of the University of Siena, on 10/12/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate secondary school students' reflection on the key word 'Human rights and discrimination' on the 70<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. The event was based on experiential learning, following the COMPASS method of the diamond slot. Starting from a self evaluation of the level of knowledge on human rights, the participants expressed and compared their opinions on how they saw human rights guaranteed/violated in their living environments (family, school, circles of friends, social media, etc.)

## Event 35 - The Past Didn't Go Anywhere: The People vs Fritz Braun, the film – Activity 3

**Participation:** The event involved 51 citizens, including 41 participants from the city of Maastricht (**The Netherlands**), 2 participants from the city of Calgary (**Canada**), 1 participant from the city of Aachen (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Bonn (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Brussels (**Belgium**), 1 participant from the city of Cologne (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Marktredwitz (**Germany**), 1 participant from the city of Oss (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Netherlands), 1 participant from the city of Oss (**The Netherlands**), 1 participant from the city of Roros (**Norway**).

Location / Dates: The event took place in Maastricht (The Netherlands) at Turnzaal of the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences of the University of Maastricht, on 11/12/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to enhance the reflection on how Europeans dealt with the findings about genocide and concentration camps in the first post-WWII years. This film tells the story of the Nazi criminals prosecution, the efforts (and the resistance) to elaborate the tragic past. This film was the sixth and last in the series of 6 film screenings on the key words the project selected. Each screening, open to the public and free of charge, had the same structure: a) an introduction; b) the film; c) the debate. During the debate, a lot of participants expressed the opinion that 1945 did not represent a clear cut with the past, the importance to keep remembrance of totalitarianism alive, the strive for a liberal and open society remain a constant part of our lives.

#### Event 36 – Education and Culture against Ostracism – Activity 4

**Participation**: The event involved 64 citizens, including 52 participants from Fagaras (**Romania**), 6 participants from Brasov (**Romania**), 1 participant from Codlea (**Romania**), 1 participant from Lisa (**Romania**), 1 participant from Poiana Brasov (**Romania**), 1 participant from Predeal Brasov (**Romania**), 1 participant from Sacele (**Romania**), 1 participant from Sibiu (**Romania**). Location / Dates: The event took place in Fagaras (**Romania**) at National College Radu Vodan, on 17/12/2018.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to make the participants (school students) reflect and debate on the role of education and culture in guaranteeing 'Human Rights', thus avoiding 'Discrimination' and ostracism. The city of Fagaras was the site for a political prison during the Communist regime, thus 'Resistance' was discussed, too. Some participants talked about how their families went through the 'Revolution', how the post-Ceaucescu period affected their city. All participants agreed on the importance of an unbiased approach to the recent history and the role of the EU in avoiding repeating the mistakes of the past.

#### Event 37 - Resistance in the Past and Today – Activity 4

**Participation:** The event involved 85 citizens, including 70 participants from the city of Golcza (**Poland**), 5 participants from the city of Krakow (**Poland**), 4 participants from the city of Wies (**Poland**), 3 participants from the city of Mieszkowice (**Poland**), 2 participants from the city of Bralin (**Poland**), 1 participant from the city of Warsaw (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Golcza (**Poland**) at Jan Pawel II School, on 10/01/2019. **Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate secondary school students' reflection on Polish resistance during the Nazi occupation. The remembrance of Polish anti-Nazi resistance was silenced during the Communist regime for its tight links with the British forces. Only after 1989 the veil fell down. The participants expressed their opinions on the different ways to approach remembrance and understood the importance of an unbiased history, based on facts and documents rather than political opinions. This event is linked to Event 38.

#### Event 38 - Genocide and Human Rights: How the Youngesters Feel About – Activity 4

**Participation:** The event involved 65 citizens, including 56 participants from the city of Golcza (**Poland**), 3 participants from the city of Krakow (**Poland**), 3 participants from the city of Wies (**Poland**), 1 participant from the city of Mieszkowice (**Poland**), 1 participant from the city of Sosnowica (**Poland**), 1 participant from the city of Stanislawow (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Golcza (**Poland**) at Jan Pawel II School, on 10/01/2019. **Short description:** The aim of the event was to make secondary school students talk about their perception of Polish contemporary history with special concern of the key words 'genocide and concentration camps', 'human rights and discrimination'. Poland was in the front line of Jewish persecution, as 10% of the country population used to be Jewish. The participants reflected on the

fact that after two totalitarian regimes (the Nazi and the Communist) the Jewish community struggled to rebuilt their life and traditions. These effects are still evident and some participants expressed their willingness to investigate their cities of provenance history to locate were Jewish communities used to live. This event is linked to Event 37.

#### Event 39 – Youth and freedom. Challenges and solutions – Activity 4

**Participation**: The event involved 55 citizens, including 51 participants from the city of Botosani (**Romania**), 2 participants from the city of Rosiori (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Rachiti (**Romania**), 1 participant from the city of Urlati (**Romania**).

**Location / Dates**: The event took place in Botosani (**Romania**) at National College Mihai Eminescu on 10/01/2019.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to make the participants (school students) reflect and debate on Romanian recent past and how the 'Revolution' affected their city and region. In particular the participants were asked what 'freedom' meant to them. In this case the key word 'Resistance' was on the floor. The city of Botosani had a high percentage of Jewish inhabitants at the beginning of the 20<sup>th</sup> century. The Nazi and Communist regimes pushed the Jewish community to leave the city. So the key words 'Genocide and Concentration Camps' and 'Human Rights and Discrimination' were discussed at length, too.

## Event 40 - Racism and the category of 'The Other' - Activity 4

**Participation:** The event involved 17 citizens, including 17 participants from the city of Krakow (**Poland**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Krakow (**Poland)** at Centrum Bodum of the Jagellonica University in Krakow, on 11/01/2019.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was to facilitate secondary school students' reflection on how they perceive 'the Other'. The participants said to be aware that their country, as well as much of Europe, is experiencing an increase in racism and intolerance, as well as fear of the Other. Most participants expressed their regret about some racist episodes during a group of Muslims' visit to Holocaust memorials in 2017, as reported by international media. Most participants agreed that Poland, amongst all countries, should be 'flying the flag' of non discrimination and dialogue after its tragic past.

## Event 41 - Racial Discrimination: A Multidisciplinary Approach (Law, Ethics, Science) – Activity 2

Participation: The event involved 391 citizens, including 277 participants from the city of Siena (Italy), 48 participants from the city of Colle di Val d'Elsa (Italy), 12 participants from the city of Arezzo (Italy), 12 participants from the city of Poggibonsi (Italy), 5 participants from the city of Florence (Italy), 3 participants from the city of Grosseto (Italy), 3 participants from the city of Rome (Italy), 2 participants from the city of Chiusi (Italy), 2 participants from the city of Naples (Italy), 2 participants from the city of San Gimignano (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Barberino Val d'Elsa (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Brindisi (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Bucine (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Casole d'Elsa (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Cetona (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Empoli (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Erice (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Lamezia Terme (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Loro Ciuffenna (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Maddaloni (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Massa Marittina (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Montalcino (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Montepulciano (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Pavia (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Piancastagnaio (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Pievescola (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Radda in Chianti (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Radicondoli (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Sirignano (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Sovico (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Staggia Senese (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Taranto (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Udine (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Venice (Italy), 1 participant from the city of Viterbo (Italy). Location / Dates: The event took place in Siena (Italy) at Polo Mattioli of the University of Siena, on 17/01/2019.

Short description: The aim of the event was to present the participants with a multidisciplinary,

scientific and informative approach to the key word 'Human rights and discrimination'. The starting point was the racial discrimination, in order to make citizens and especially young people as aware as possible of the non-exercise of forms of violence and social exclusion. In the light of legal, ethical and scientific information, jurists, philosophers and experts in international law intervened, in two different sessions, arguing about the various episodes of discrimination and intolerance registered against foreigners, migrants and Roma, which characterize the social reality of contemporary Italy. The speakers – big names of the Italian culture such as Judge emeritus of the Constitutional Court Enzo Cheli, the philosophers Telmo Pievani and Massimo Cacciari and the journalist Gad Lerner – created an ideal climate to raise critical questions and reflections on the tolerant and pluralistic nature of our society.

# Event 42 – Fighting discrimination and improving equity for vulnerable groups: the Roma case – Activity 5

**Participation:** The event involved 40 participants, including 40 participants from the city of Bucharest (**Romania**).

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Bucharest (**Romania**) at the premises of the Unitatea Executiva pentru Finantarea Invatamantului Superior on 01/03/2019.

**Short description:** The aim of the event (meeting/debate) was to make representatives of higher education institutions and national bodies in the field of education reflect and discuss on the main aspects related to the support and integration of the Roma population and other vulnerable groups, in order to tackle inequalities and lead to more equitable and fair communities. 'Human rights and non discrimination' was the key word on the floor and the participants analysed its meaning in comparison to the Roma population situation in Romania and Europe. The participants showed a good knowledge of the EU actions in favour of Roma and, during the debate, they pointed out the need to improve the monitoring of reforms and actions in each country to have a clearer view of the current status. Some participants said that more cooperation is needed, both amongst regions in the same country and EU countries, to share good practices and expertise.

## Event 43 – The Bystander in the Holoacust History – Activity 5

**Participation:** The event involved 145 citizens, including 136 citizens from the city of Amsterdam **(The Netherlands)**, 3 participants from the city of Utrecht **(The Netherlands)**, 2 participants from the city of Hamburg **(Germany)**, 2 participants from the city of Leuven **(The Netherlands)**, 1 participant from the city of Baarn **(The Netherlands)**, 1 participant from the city of Zoeterwourde **(The Netherlands)**.

**Location / Dates:** The event took place in Amsterdam **(The Netherlands)** at Club Spui25 and at Duitsland Instituut Amsterdam premisis from 14/03/2019 to 15/03/2019.

**Short description:** The aim of the event (workshop) was to discuss the potentials and pitfalls of studying bystanders as an historical figure in the genocidal configuration. 'Genocide and concentratrion camps' was the key word on the floor. Academics, students and ordinary citizens had the chance to reflect on the difficulty in defining the figure of the bystanders in the Holocaust. All participants agreed that studying the bystanders during the Holocaust is almost impossible to remain neutral about the moral impact of inaction. After the debate, the participants visited the exhibition 'The Persecution of the Jews in Photographs: The Netherlands, 1940-1945", at the National Holocaust Museum.

#### Event 44 – Final Conference

**Participation:** The event involved a total number of 889 citizens in 4 different locations. 1) In <u>Maastricht (NL)</u> the event involved 176 citizens, including 167 participants from Maastricht (**The Netherlands**), 2 participants from Siena (**Poland**), 1 participant from Krakow (**Poland**), 1 participant from Madrid (**Spain**), 1 participant from Neutrabling (**Germany**), 1 participant from Rome (Italy), 1 participant from Santa Fé (**Argentina**), 1 participant from Schenectady (USA), 1 participant from Sibiu (**Romania**).

2) In <u>Sibiu (RO)</u> the event involved 30 citizens, including 23 participants from Sibiu (**Romania**), 2 participants from Dobroesti (**Romania**), 2 participants from Valcea (**Romania**), 1 participant from

Alba Iulia (**Romania**), 1 participant from Bucharesti (**Romania**), 1 participant from Ploiesti (**Romania**).

3) In <u>Dobroesti (RO)</u> the event involved 50 citizens, including 33 participants from Dobroesti (**Romania**), 11 participants from Bucharest (**Romania**), 5 participants from Pitesti (**Romania**), 1 participant from Sibiu (**Romania**).

4) In Siena (IT) the event involved 633 citizens, including 103 participants from Siena (Italy), 43 participants from Grosseto (Italy), 16 participants from Poggibonsi (Italy), 16 participants from San Gimignano (Italy), 12 participants from Monteriggioni (Italy), 9 participants from Arezzo (Italy), 8 participants from Florence (Italy), 6 participants from Follonica (Italy), 6 participants from Monte Argentario (Italy), 6 participants from Orbetello (Italy), 5 participants from Accra (Ghana), 5 participants from Castelnuovo Berardenga (Italy), 5 participants from Colle di val d'Elsa (Italy), 5 participants from Roccastrada (Italy), 5 participants from Roma (Italy), 5 participants from Siracusa (Italy), 4 participants from Certaldo (Italy), 4 participants from Rapolano Terme (Italy), 4 participants from Sovicille (Italy), 3 participants from Cagliari (Italy), 3 participants from Castel del Piano (Italy), 3 participants from Castiglione della Pescaia (Italy), 3 participants from Fermo (Italy), 3 participants from Lucignano (Italy), 3 participants from Matera (Italy), 3 participants from Monteroni d'Arbia (Italy), 3 participants from Orvieto (Italy), 3 participants from Sinalunga (Italy), 3 participants from Sora (Italy), 2 participants from Abbadia S. Salvatore (Italy), 2 participants from Acquedolci (Italy), 2 participants from Bari (Italy), 2 participants from Bergamo (Italy), 2 participants from Brescia (Italy), 2 participants from Brindisi (Italy), 2 participants from Campobasso (Italy), 2 participants from Castiglion Fiorentino (Italy), 2 participants from Castiglion d'Orcia (Italy), 2 participants from Cecina (Italy), 2 participants from Chiusdino (Italy), 2 participants from Chiusi (Italy), 2 participants from Cinigiano (Italy), 2 participants from Città dlla Pieve (Italy), 2 participants from Civitavecchia (Italy), 2 participants from Civitella Paganico (Italy), 2 participants from Cosenza (Italy), 2 participants from Empoli (Italy), 2 participants from Gaiole in Chianti (Italy), 2 participants from Gavorrano (Italy), 2 participants from Gubbio (Italy), 2 participants from L'Aquila (Italy), 2 participants from Libreville (Gabon), 2 participants from Marciano della Chian (Italy), 2 participants from Marsala (Italy), 2 participants from Massa Marittima (Italy), 2 participants from Montevarchi (Italy), 2 participants from Murlo (Italy), 2 participants from Nuoro (Italy), 2 participants from Pesaro (Italy), 2 participants from Piancastagnaio (Italy), 2 participants from Polla (Italy), 2 participants from Pomarance (Italy), 2 participants from Salerno (Italy), 2 participants from San Giustino (Italy), 2 participants from San Miniato (Italy), 2 participants from San Quirico d'Orcia (Italy), 2 participants from Scansano (Italy), 2 participants from Sesto Fiorentino (Italy), 2 participants from Trebaseleghe (Italy), 2 participants from Viterbo (Italy), 1 participant from Acerra (Italy), 1 participant from Agrigento (Italy), 1 participant from Airola (Italy), 1 participant from Alberobello (Italy), 1 participant from Alcamo (Italy), 1 participant from Alice Superiore (Italy), 1 participant from Alife (Italy), 1 participant from Allerona (Italy), 1 participant from Amalfi (Italy), 1 participant from Amantea (Italy), 1 participant from Andria (Italy), 1 participant from Arce (Italy), 1 participant from Arcidosso (Italy), 1 participant from Ardore (Italy), 1 participant from Asciano (Italy), 1 participant from Ascoli Piceno (Italy),1 participant from Atina (Italy), 1 participant from Aulla (Italy), 1 participant from Avellino (Italy), 1 participant from Aversa (Italy), 1 participant from Avellino (Italy), 1 participant from Bagno a Ripoli (Italy), 1 participant from Bagno di Romagna (Italy), 1 participant from Baku (Azerbaijan), 1 participant from Barcellona Pozzo di Gotto (Italy), 1 participant from Bergeggi (Italy), 1 participant from Biancavilla (Italy), 1 participant from Bisceglie (Italy), 1 participant from Bochum (Germany), 1 participant from Bologna (Italy), 1 participant from Brentino Belluno (Italy), 1 participant from Bucine (Italy), 1 participant from Buonabitacolo (Italy), 1 participant from Burcei (Italy), 1 participant from Buscemi (Italy), 1 participant from Calitri (Italy), 1 participant from Caltanissetta (Italy), 1 participant from Campiglia Marittima (Italy), 1 participant from Canosa di Puglia (Italy), 1 participant from Cantagallo (Italy), 1 participant from Cantalupo nel Sannino (Italy), 1 participant from Capodrise (Italy), 1 participant from Capracotta (Italy), 1 participant from Casalvelino (Italy), 1 participant from Cascia (Italy), 1 participant from Caserta (Italy), 1 participant from Casole d'Elsa (Italy), 1 participant from Cassino (Italy), 1 participant from Castel Morrone (Italy), 1 participant from Castel San Lorenzo (Italy), 1 participant from Castel Viscardo (Italy), 1 participant from Castelfiorentino (Italy), 1 participant from Castelfranco Piandiscò (Italy), 1 participant from

Castellina in Chianti (Italy), 1 participant from Castelnuovo di val di Cecina (Italy), 1 participant from Castelplanio (Italy), 1 participant from Castelvenere (Italy), 1 participant from Castelvetere (Italy), 1 participant from Castiglion Fibocchi (Italy), 1 participant from Catania (Italy), 1 participant from Catanzaro (Italy), 1 participant from Cavalese (Italy), 1 participant from Cavriglia (Italy), 1 participant from Cefalù (Italy), 1 participant from Centuripe (Italy), 1 participant from Ceprano (Italy), 1 participant from Cerreto d'Esi (Italy), 1 participant from Cetona (Italy), 1 participant from Chiancano Terme (Italy), 1 participant from Chieti (Italy), 1 participant from Città di Castello (Italy), 1 participant from Colli del Metauro (Italy), 1 participant from Copertino (Italy), 1 participant from Damasco (Siria), 1 participant from Dolisie (Congo), 1 participant from Eboli (Italy), 1 participant from Erice (Italy), 1 participant from Fabro (Italy), 1 participant from Falconara Marittima (Italy), 1 participant from Farnese (Italy), 1 participant from Favara (Italy), 1 participant from Figline e Incisa val d'Arno (Italy), 1 participant from Foggia (Italy), 1 participant from Foiano (Italy), 1 participant from Fondi (Italy), 1 participant from Fornelli (Italy), 1 participant from Fucecchio (Italy), 1 participant from Galati Mamertino (Italy), 1 participant from Galatina (Italy), 1 participant from Gela (Italy), 1 participant from Girifalco (Italy), 1 participant from Giugliano in Campania (Italy), 1 participant from Gjirokaster (Albania), 1 participant from Gorizia (Italy), 1 participant from Granarolo nell'Emilia (Italy), 1 participant from Gravina in Puglia (Italy), 1 participant from Grazzanise (Italy), 1 participant from Grotte (Italy), 1 participant from Grumo Appula (Italy), 1 participant from Guidonia Montecelio (Italy), 1 participant from Harare (Zimbawe), 1 participant from Hue City (Vietnam), 1 participant from Isole del Liri (Italy), 1 participant from Isola delle Femmine (Italy), 1 participant from Ispica (Italy), 1 participant from Itri (Italy), 1 participant from Karaj (Iran), 1 participant from Kasoa (Ghana), 1 participant from Katra (India), 1 participant from Kiev (Ukraine), 1 participant from Kudrono (Russia), 1 participant from La Spezia (Italy), 1 participant from Lakamane (Mali), 1 participant from Latiano (Italy), 1 participant from Latina (Italy), 1 participant from Leonessa (Italy), 1 participant from Licata (Italy), 1 participant from Licciata Nardi (Italy), 1 participant from Livorno (Italy), 1 participant from Lucera (Italy), 1 participant from Magliano in Toscana (Italy), 1 participant from Manciano (Italy), 1 participant from Marano Vicentino (Italy), 1 participant from Mardan (Pakistan), 1 participant from Martina Franca (Italy), 1 participant from Mascalucia (Italy), 1 participant from Mazara del Vallo (Italy), 1 participant from Mergozzo (Italy), 1 participant from Messina (Italy), 1 participant from Milano (Italy), 1 participant from Milazzo (Italy), 1 participant from Mineo (Italy), 1 participant from Mirandola (Italy), 1 participant from Moena (Italy), 1 participant from Mondragone (Italy), 1 participant from Montalcino (Italy), 1 participant from Montalto di Castro (Italy), 1 participant from Montaquila (Italy), 1 participant from Montefusco (Italy), 1 participant from Montefusco (Italy), 1 participant from Monte Gabbione (Italy), 1 participant from Montegranaro (Italy), 1 participant from Montelupo Fiorentino (Italy), 1 participant from Montepulciano (Italy), 1 participant from Montesano sulla Marcellana (Italy), 1 participant from Montespertoli (Italy), 1 participant from Monticiano (Italy), 1 participant from Morlupo (Italy), 1 participant from Motta San Giovanni (Italy), 1 participant from Mottola (Italy), 1 participant from Nairobi (Kenia), 1 participant from Nakhchivan (Azberjan), 1 participant from Napoli (Italy), 1 participant from Narok (Kenia), 1 participant from Nocera Inferiore (Italy), 1 participant from Nocera Superiore (Italy), 1 participant from Nughedu Santa Vittoria (Italy), 1 participant from Olbia (Italy), 1 participant from Orosei (Italy), 1 participant from Pachino (Italy), 1 participant from Padova (Italy), 1 participant from Palermo (Italy), 1 participant from Partinico (Italy), 1 participant from Pavia (Italy), 1 participant from Pavone Canavese (Italy), 1 participant from Pelago (Italy), 1 participant from Pergine (Italy), 1 participant from Perugia (Italy), 1 participant from Pescina (Italy), 1 participant from Pietragalla (Italy), 1 participant from Pignola (Italy), 1 participant from Piombino (Italy), 1 participant from Piraino (Italy), 1 participant from Pisa (Italy), 1 participant from Pisticci (Italy), 1 participant from Pistoia (Italy), 1 participant from Pitigliano (Italy), 1 participant from Poggiomarino (Italy), 1 participant from Pontecorvo (Italy), 1 participant from Ponteranica (Italy), 1 participant from Positano (Italy), 1 participant from Potenza (Italy), 1 participant from Pratovecchio (Italy), 1 participant from Priolo Gargaglio (Italy), 1 participant from Pulsano (Italy), 1 participant from Raffadali (Italy), 1 participant from Reggio Calabria (Italy), 1 participant from Reggio Emilia (Italy), 1 participant from Rieti (Italy), 1 participant from Ripalimosani (Italy), 1 participant from Rizziconi (Italy), 1 participant from Roccalbegna (Italy), 1 participant from Ronciglione (Italy), 1 participant from Rosignano

Marittimo (Italy), 1 participant from Rovereto (Italy), 1 participant from San Cataldo (Italy), 1 participant from San Donà di Piave (Italy), 1 participant from San Fele (Italy), 1 participant from San Giorgio Ionico (Italy), 1 participant from San Giorgio La Molara (Italy), 1 participant from San Giovanni val d'Arno (Italy), 1 participant from San Severo (Italy), 1 participant from Sansepolcro (Italy), 1 participant from Sant'Agata Li Battiati (Italy), 1 participant from Sant'Andrea di Conza (Italy), 1 participant from Santa Fiora (Italy), 1 participant from Santa Margherita di Belice (Italy), 1 participant from Santa Marinella (Italy), 1 participant from Santa Ninfa (Italy), 1 participant from Sanza (Italy), 1 participant from Sasso Marconi (Italy), 1 participant from Saviano (Italy), 1 participant from Scandicci (Italy), 1 participant from Scanzano Ionico (Italy), 1 participant from Scorrano (Italy), 1 participant from Seneghe (Italy), 1 participant from Senise (Italy), 1 participant from Sermoneta (Italy), 1 participant from Siculiana (Italy), 1 participant from Soliera (Italy), 1 participant from Sumgavit (Azerbaijan), 1 participant from Tangerang Selatan (Indonesia), 1 participant from Taranto (Italy), 1 participant from Teheran (Iran), 1 participant from Teramo (Italy), 1 participant from Terranova da Sibari (Italy), 1 participant from Terranova Bracciolini (Italy), 1 participant from Tito (Italy), 1 participant from Torino (Italy), 1 participant from Tortoli (Italy), 1 participant from Tovuz (Azerbaijan), 1 participant from Trappeto (Italy), 1 participant from Trasacco (Italy), 1 participant from Trebisacce (Italy), 1 participant from Trecastelli (Italy), 1 participant from Tremestieri Etneo (Italy), 1 participant from Trieste (Italy), 1 participant from Tursi (Italy), 1 participant from Umbertide (Italy), 1 participant from Uzzano (Italy), 1 participant from Valle Agricola (Italy), 1 participant from Valva (Italy), 1 participant from Verbicaro (Italy), 1 participant from Vercelli (Italy), 1 participant from Viareggio (Italy), 1 participant from Vinci (Italy), 1 participant from Vita (Italy), 1 participant from Volterra (Italy), 1 participant from Xiamen (China) Location / Dates: The event took place in 4 different locations from 26/03/2019 to 30/03/2019: 1) in Maastricht (The Netherlands) at Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences of the University of Maastricht on 26/03/2019 and at Bureau Europa premises on 27/03/2019,

2) in Sibiu (Romania) at the Café Wien on 28/03/2019

3) in Dobroesti (**Romania**) at the Sport Hall on 28/03/2019

4) in Siena (Italy) at the Dept. of Political and International Sciences of the University of Siena from 28/03/2018 to 30/03/2019.

**Short description:** The aim of the event was two fold: 1) to give the Partnership the opportunity to connect the dots of the project, by evaluating the activities and compare the results in each Partner country; 2) to give a large number of stakeholders and ordinary citizens the opportunity to attend two installation arts and two debates, encompassing all the topics E-WORDS addressed during its 18 months life span.

<u>Aim 1</u>) was achieved in the Partners' final meeting (Maastricht, 26/03/2019), during which UniSi, as the co-ordinator, presented the results achieved and the national reports were discussed. The Partnership agreed on the overall success of the project, especially for the large number of events organised, the high number of participants, the successful implementation of the Dissemination Plan, the positive experience with the recruitment of ESC volunteers.

Aim 2) was achieved in the following sub events:

- A State of Exception, art exhibition at Bureau Europa (Maastricht, 27/03/2019), with the The Arson Archive by Thomas Stratmann, Metadata by Christopher Meerdo, We Can by Alina Schmuch and Franca Scholz, and Memories of the Watch Towers by Joram Raaijmakers. Their works investigate notions of totalitarianism, ostracism, prejudice, suppression and discrimination within the framework of the design quest for a new, European identity. The works on display showcased watchtowers, arson attacks on the homes of migrants and asylum shelters, drone surveillance, and how Germany is dealing with the consequences of the "Wir schaffen das"-quotation of Prime Minister Angela Merkel. In other words, it was all about the architectural translations of the key word 'Identity'.The participants discussed, amongst themselves, the artists and E-WORDS experts, about the politics of an us/them dichotomy, identity and citizenship, systemic bias in technology, the positive connotations to emigrants and the opposite response to immigrants.
- Nationalism and everyday life. Romanians, Hungarians and Jewish, in the Inter War Transylvania, a meeting/debate at Café Wien (Sibiu, 28/03/2019), whose aim was to disseminate the historical events that affected Transylvania from multi ethnical, intercultural

and multi religious perspective. The participants reflected and debated on the life of minorities in Transylvania, the challenges of everyday life in the social and political context of the inter-war. Bodgan Dumitru, Ph.D candidate at the University of Florida, acted as the facilitator of the debate. At the end of the event, most participants agreed that all the key words fit in the challenges of a multicultural society, thus their historical background and proper knowledge are needed.

- Sink in the mirror of forgiveness! Give each other the chance of a more meaningful life, a meeting/debate at the Sport Hall Unirea (Dobroesti, 28/03/2019) on how Romanian citizens relate to the recent past of their country. It'a a matter of keeping an 'Identity' through the remembrance of a troubled and recent (very recent!) past. The participants agreed that forgiveness is very much required to go over local and national divisions to embrace the European common values.
- Human Rights and Discrimination: Franca Marini's Interpretation, an installation art at the Dept. of Political and International Sciences of the University of Siena (Siena, from 28/03/2019 to 30/03/2019), whose aim was to give a visual interpretation of migrants searching for their identity and their resistance to the hardness of the journey. The stripped pieces of textile materials represented the uprooting of migrants, copper and iron the difficulties during the journey and the resettlement. After the opening on March 28<sup>th</sup>, the installation art was visited by a large number of ordinary citizens and Political Sciences students, thanks to its strategic position (along the corridor leading to the classrooms) and the long opening hours of the location (from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.). Either the artist herself or one of the E-WORDS experts were always present during the opening hours to respond to the visitors' questions and invite them to discuss and comment the installation art.